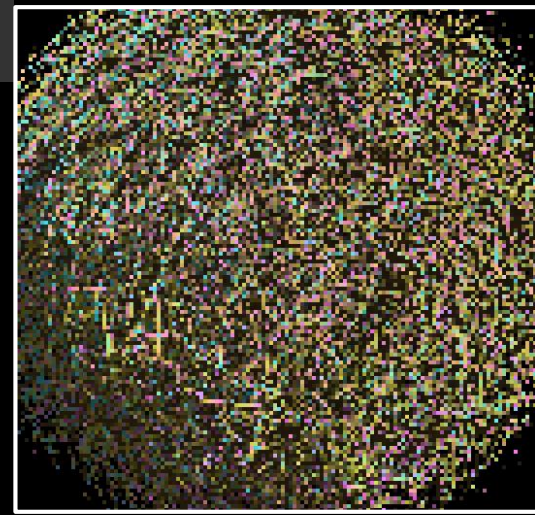
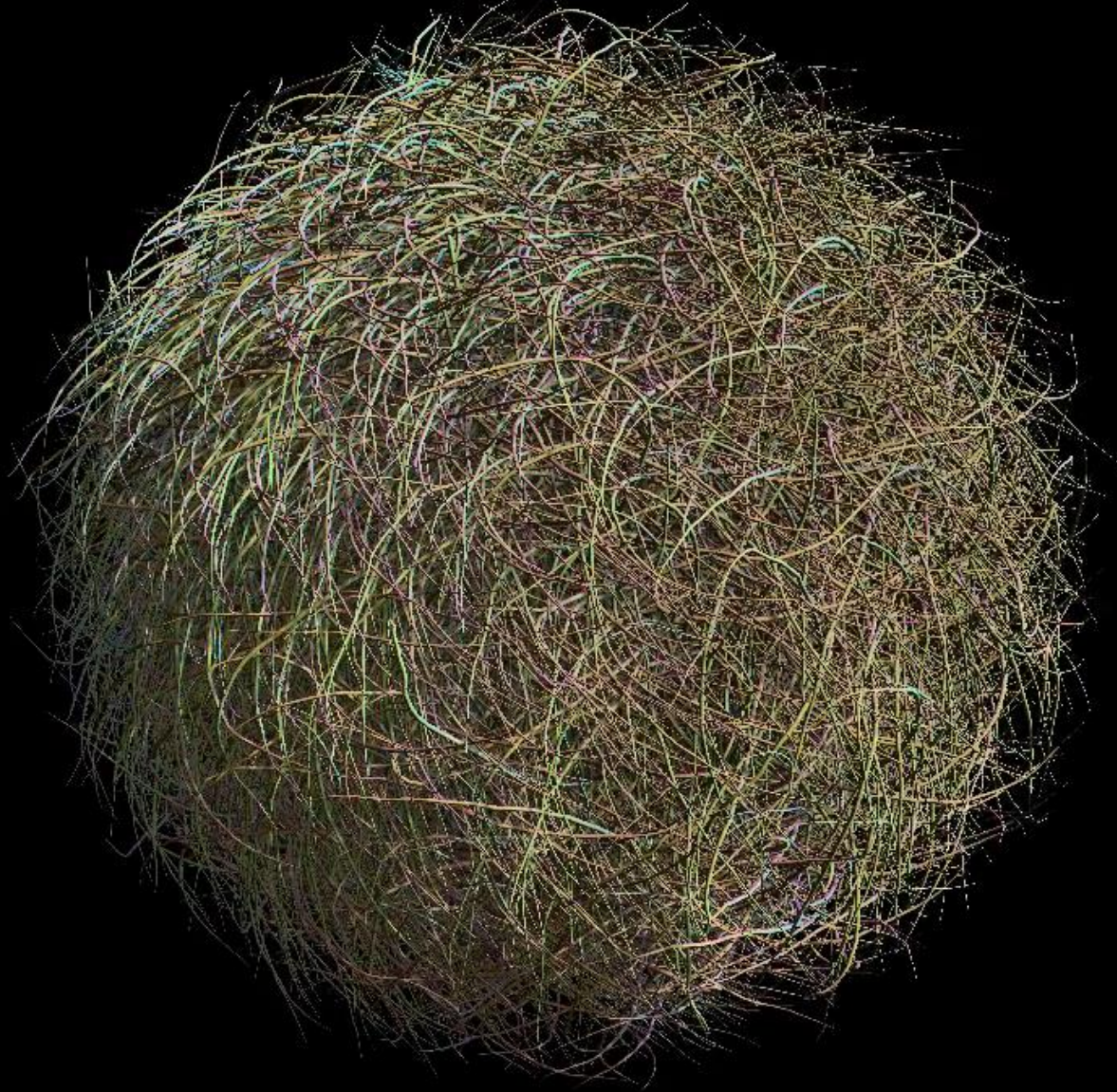


Correlation-Aware Semi-Analytic Visibility for Antialiased Rendering

Cyril Crassin, Chris Wyman,
Morgan McGuire, Aaron Lefohn

1 spp



1/4 RESOLUTION



256x MSAA

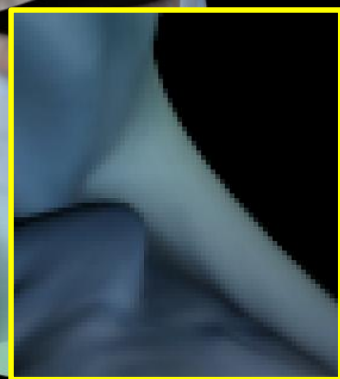
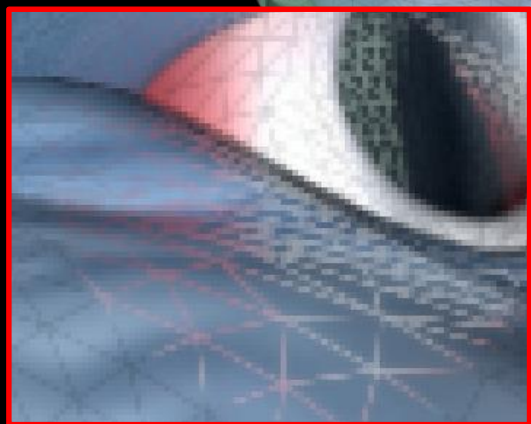


Semi-Analytic

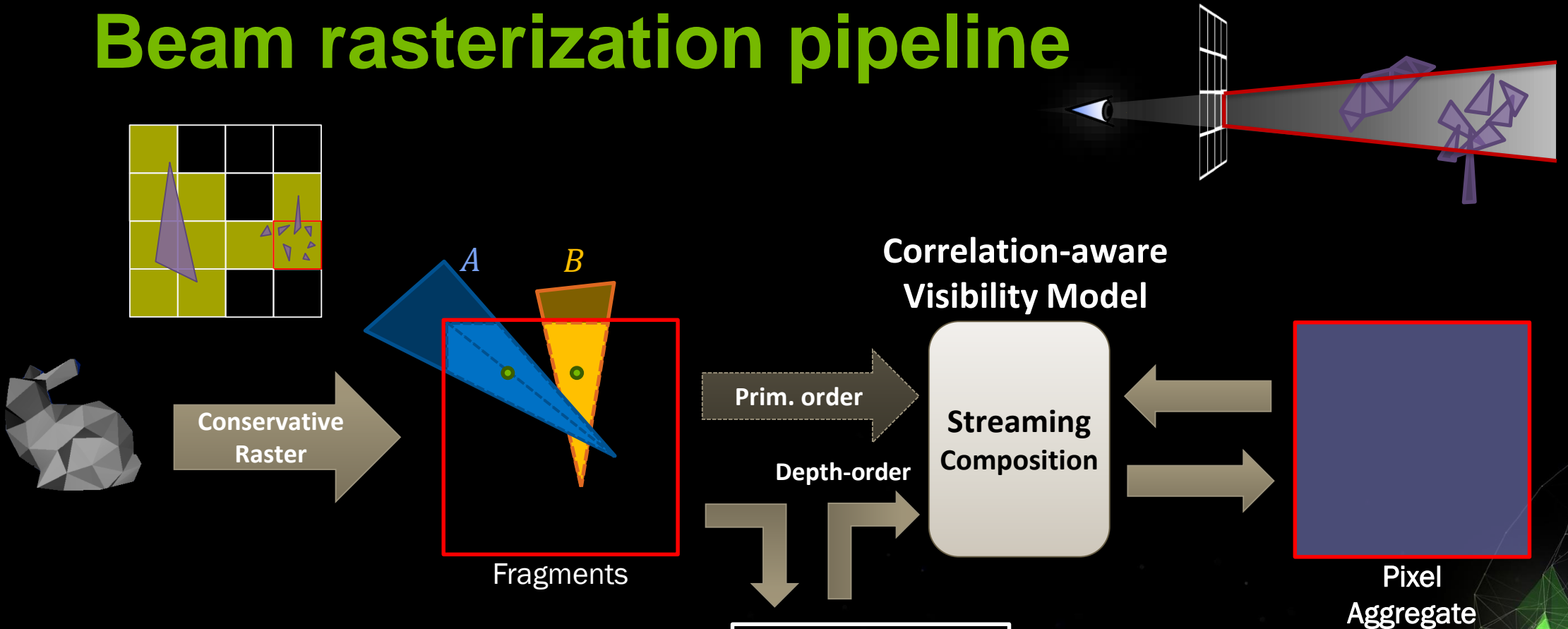


Alpha-Blending

Correlation-aware

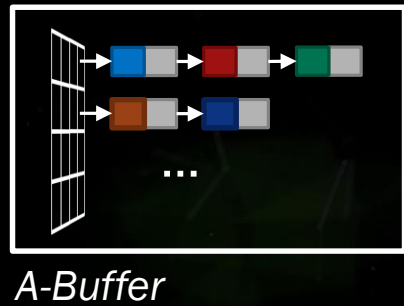


Beam rasterization pipeline



fragment shader:

- Compute all visibility attributes
- Clipped area -> Coverage: $\alpha_A = \frac{Area(A)}{Area(Pixel)}$
- Shading at *centroid* •



1 primitive at a time
Fixed compact per-pixel storage

Alpha-Composition

$$\begin{aligned}
 \alpha_A \text{ OVER } \alpha_B &= P(A \cup B) \\
 &= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) \\
 &= P(A) + P(B) - P(A) \times P(B) = P(A) + P(B) \times (1 - P(A)) \\
 &= \alpha_A + \underbrace{\alpha_B \times (1 - \alpha_A)}_{\text{Visible contribution of B}}
 \end{aligned}$$

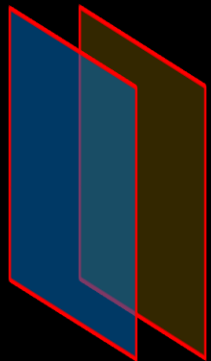
Fractional coverage

$$\alpha_A = \frac{\text{Area}(A)}{\text{Area}(\text{Pixel})}$$

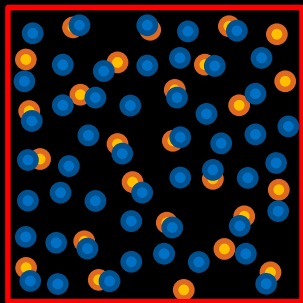
Probability of coverage

$$\alpha_A = P(A) \text{ in } [0,1]$$

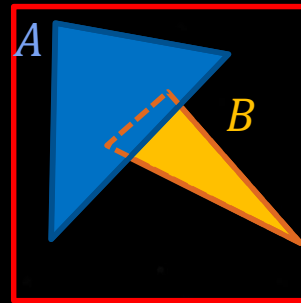
Assuming A, B statistically independent (uncorrelated):
 $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \times P(B)$



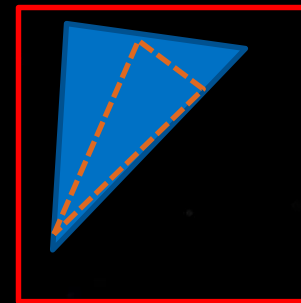
A OVER B



Decorrelation



"Some"-correlation



Full-correlation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(A | B) &= 1, \\
 P(A \cap B) &= P(B) * \\
 \rightarrow P(A \cup B) &= P(A)
 \end{aligned}$$



Anti-correlation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(A | B) &= 0, P(B | A) = 0, \\
 P(A \cap B) &= 0 \\
 \rightarrow P(A \cup B) &= P(A) + P(B)
 \end{aligned}$$

Aggregate geometry

Uncorrelated coverages

Structured geometry

Correlated coverages

*[if P(A) > P(B)]

Correlation tracking

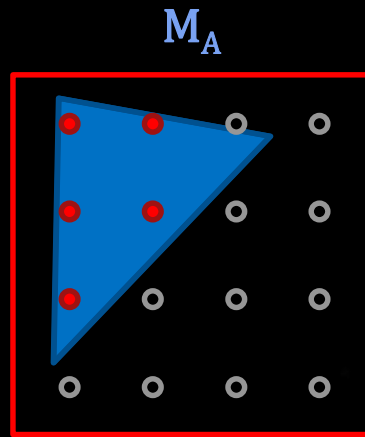
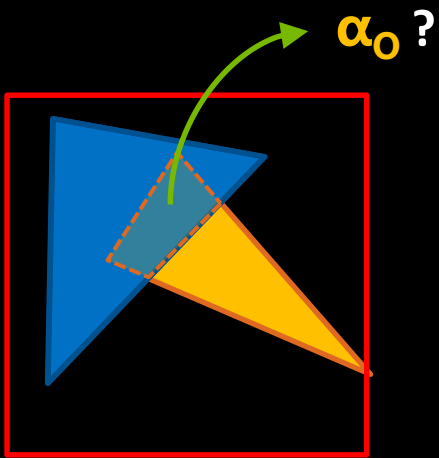
Localization bitmasks:

Track the **spatial location** of coverage
NOT Coverage masks !

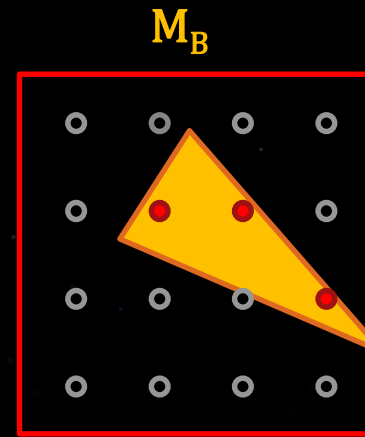
32-bit Mask

Jittered positions

(Hammersley sequence)



$$\alpha_A = 0.2$$
$$|M_A| = 5$$



$$\alpha_B = 0.13$$
$$|M_B| = 3$$

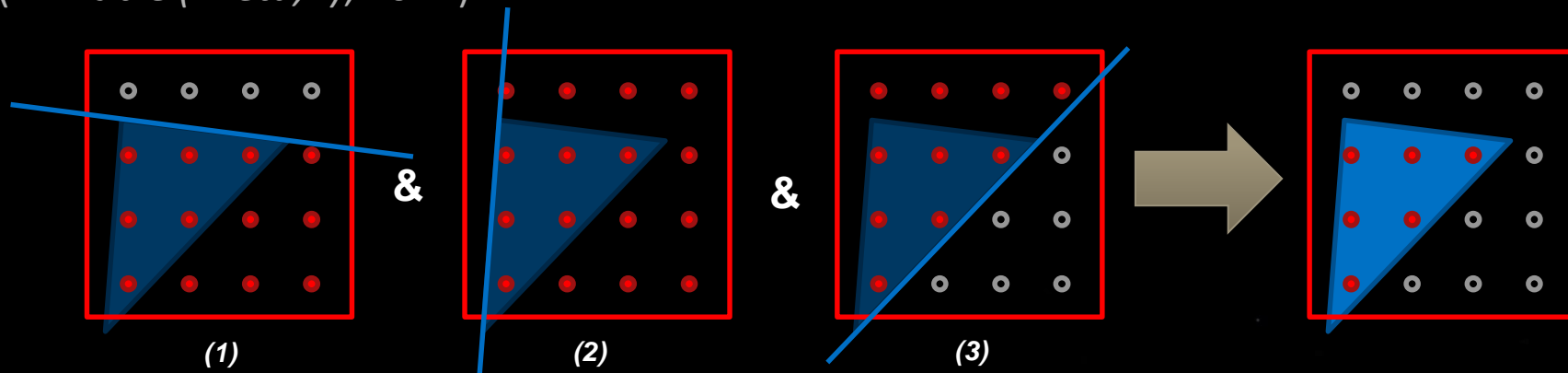


Generating *localization* masks

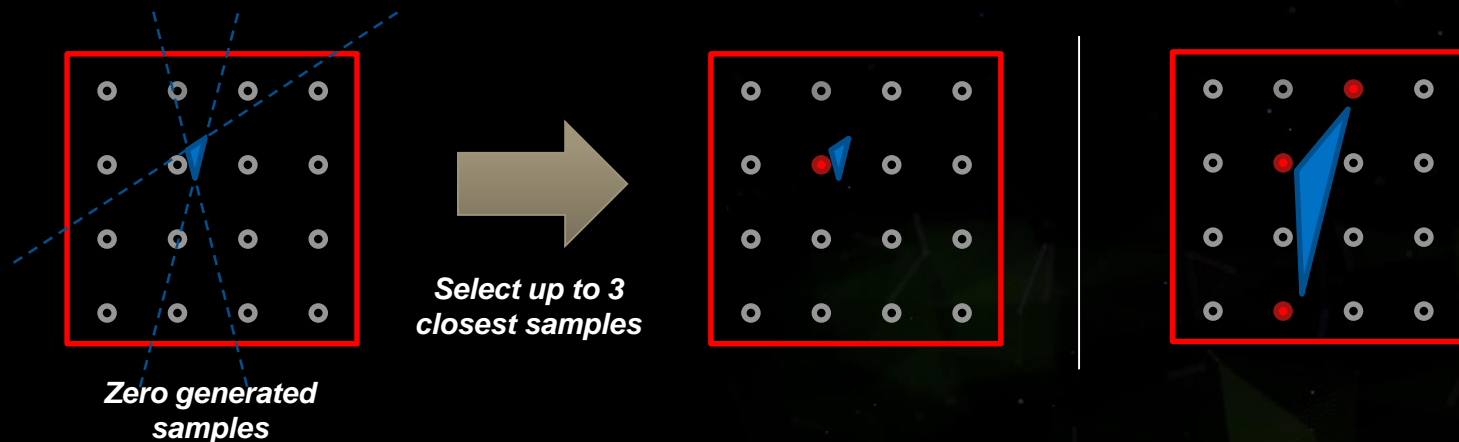
Lookup table fetches:

(2D Table (θ , r), 16KB)

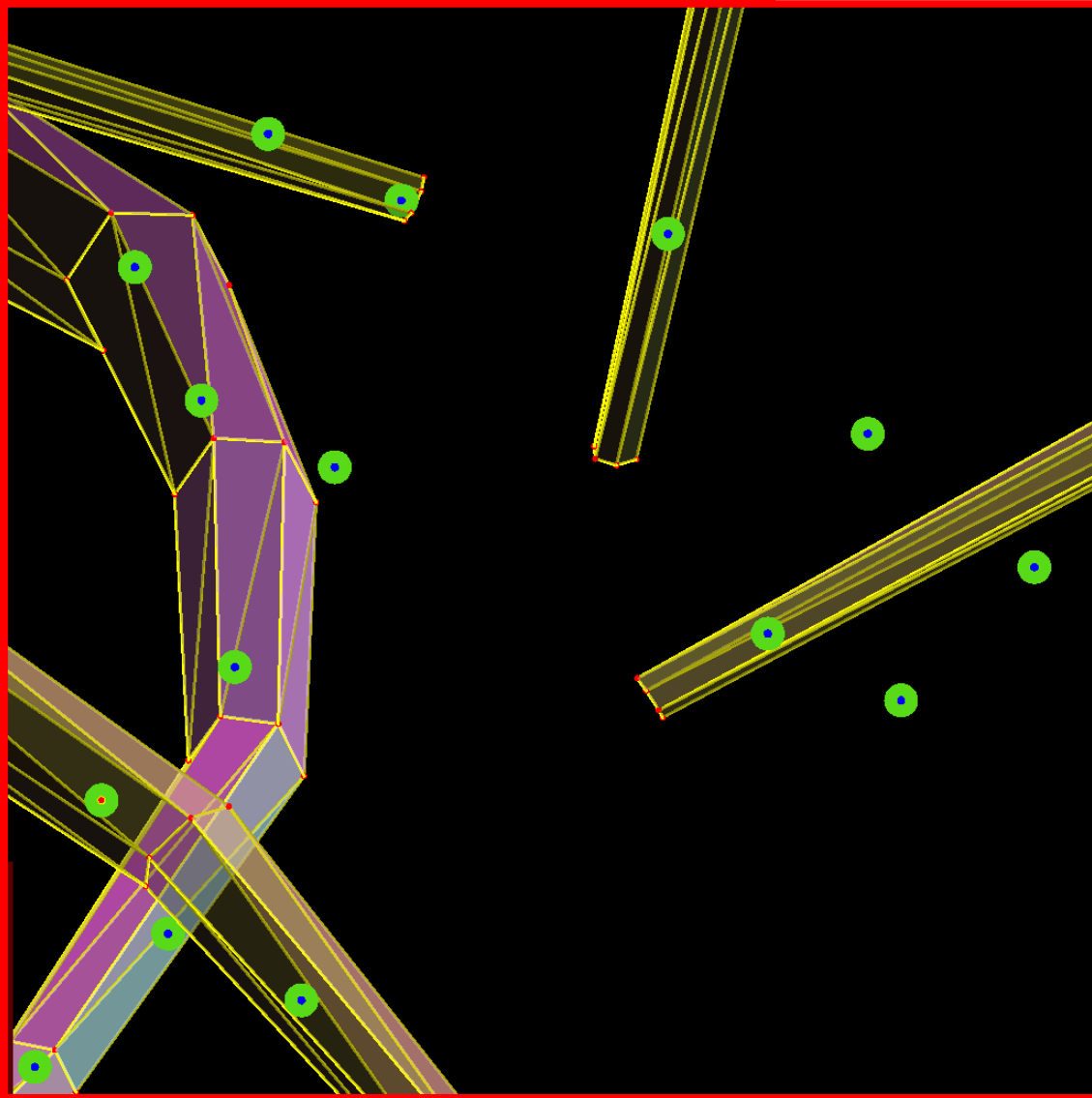
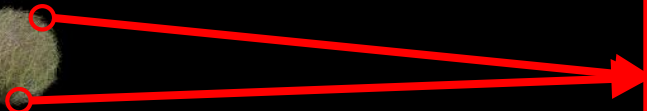
[Waller et al. 2000, Sintorn et al. 2008...]



Tiny, zero-coverage triangles:



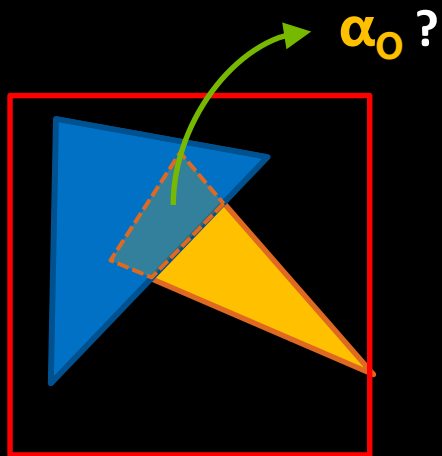
1 PIXEL



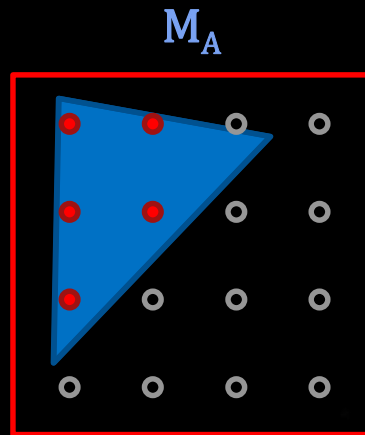
Correlation tracking

Localization bitmasks:

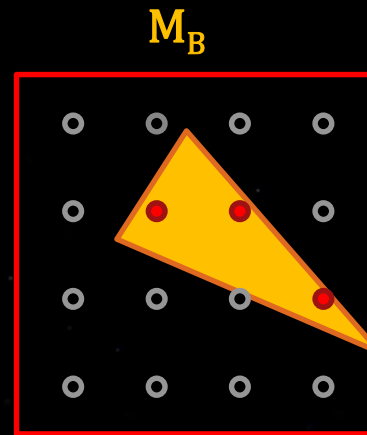
Track the **spatial location** of coverage



Bitwise AND



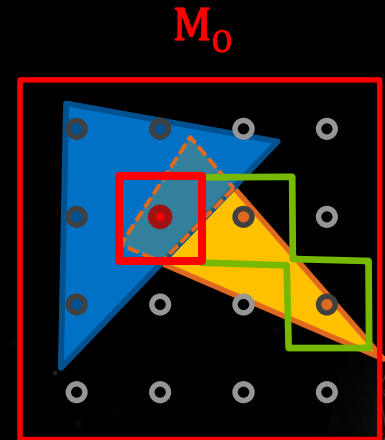
$$\alpha_A = 0.2$$
$$|M_A| = 5$$



$$\alpha_B = 0.13$$
$$|M_B| = 3$$

&

=

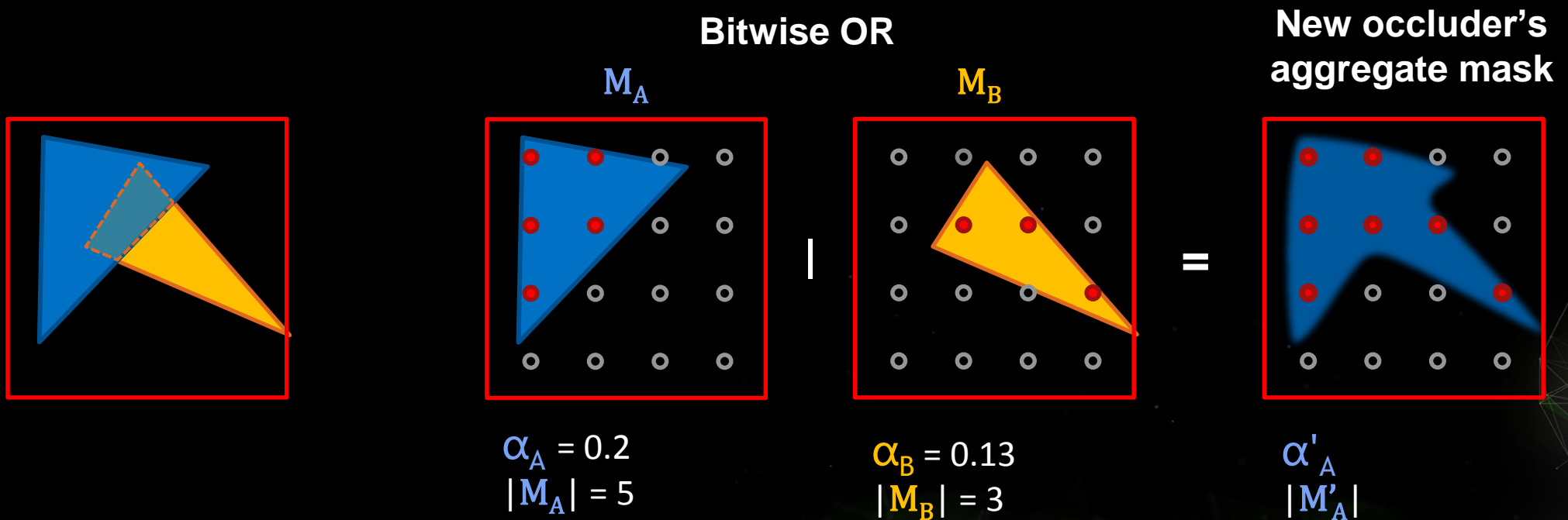


$$|M_0| = 1$$
$$\alpha_{A_0} = \frac{|M_0|}{|M_A|} \alpha_A$$
$$\alpha_{B_0} = \frac{|M_0|}{|M_B|} \alpha_B$$

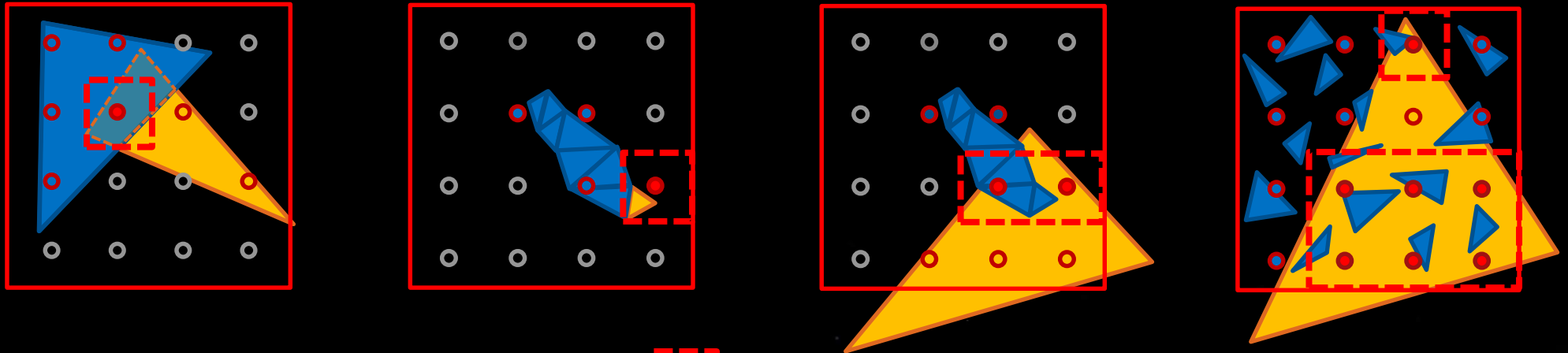
Correlation tracking

Localization bitmasks:

Track the **spatial location** of coverage



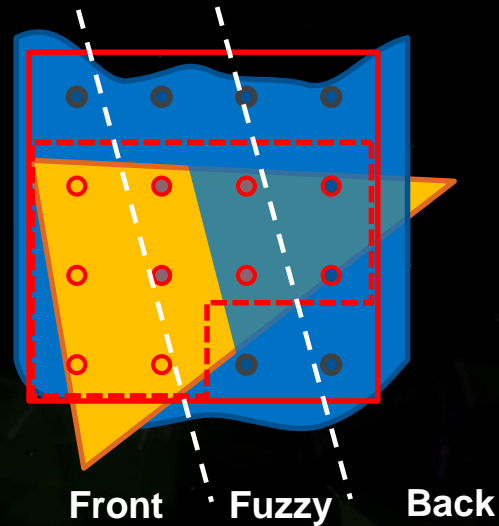
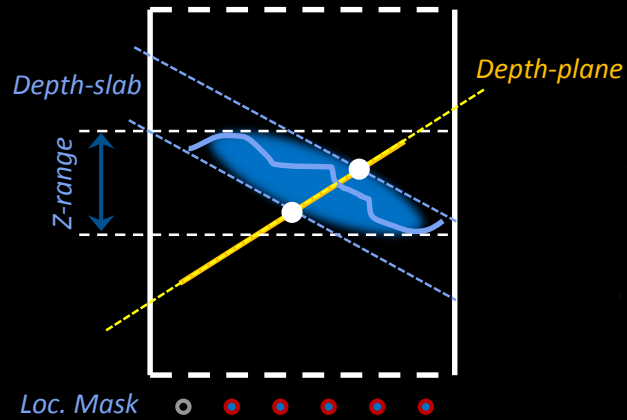
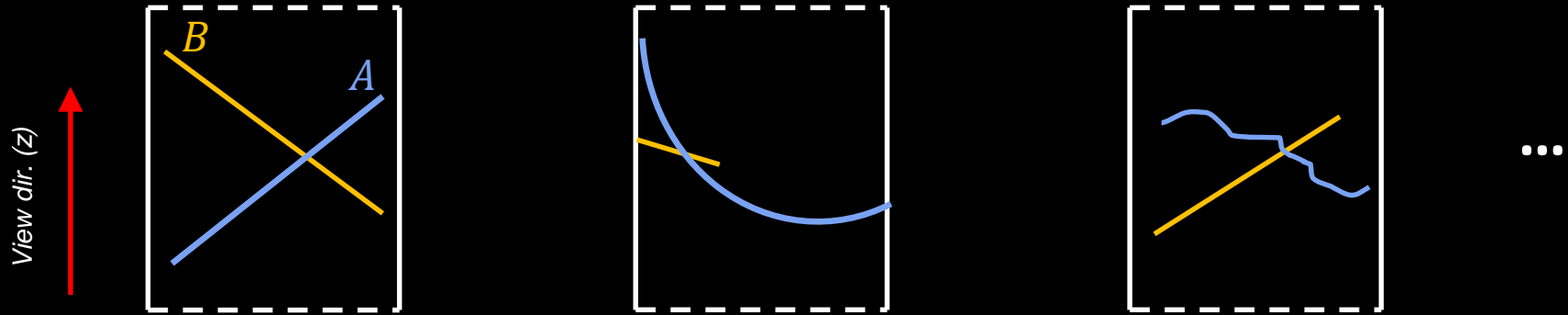
Potentially overlapping regions



Inside the *potential* overlap region \square

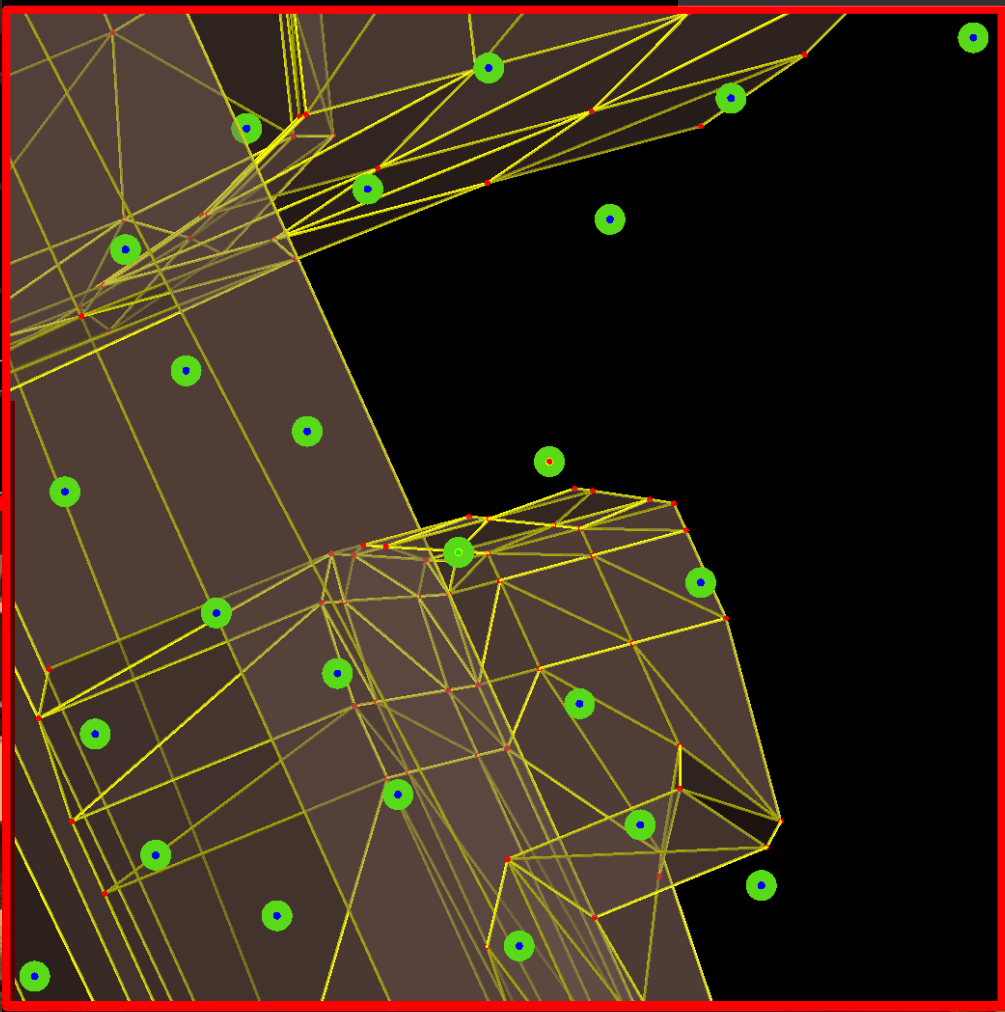
- Assuming decorrelation \rightarrow OVER blending (*multiplicative composition*)
- Use ad-hoc *fuzziness* heuristic \rightarrow Transition ADD \leftrightarrow OVER
 - $\frac{|M_A|}{\alpha_A} \times \text{sadp}(A, B)$

Surface Intersections





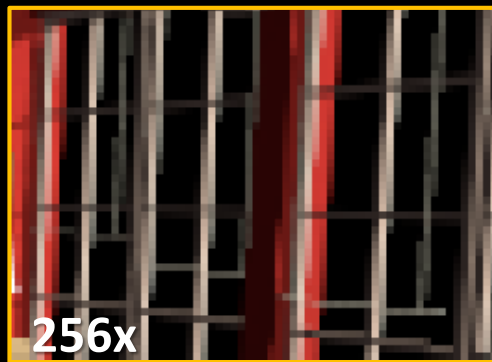
1 PIXEL



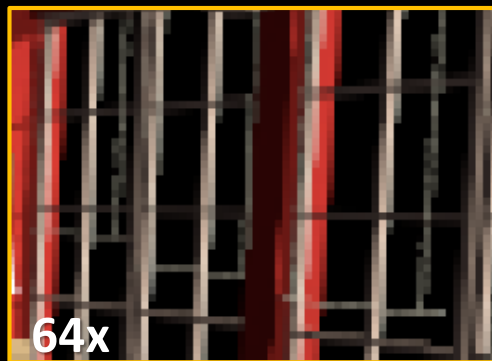


1/4 Resolution

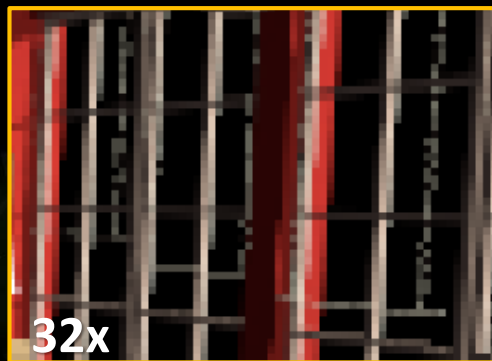
MSAA



256x



64x



32x

Semi-Analytic



~6x faster



MSAA

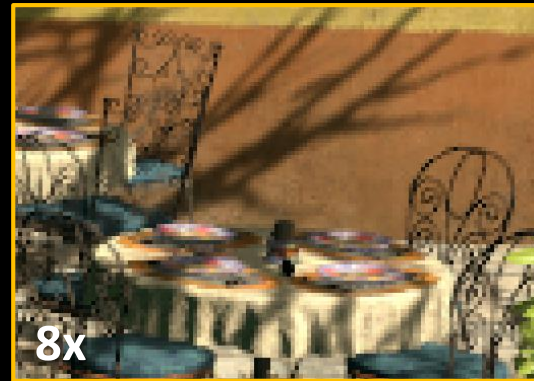


Semi-Analytic



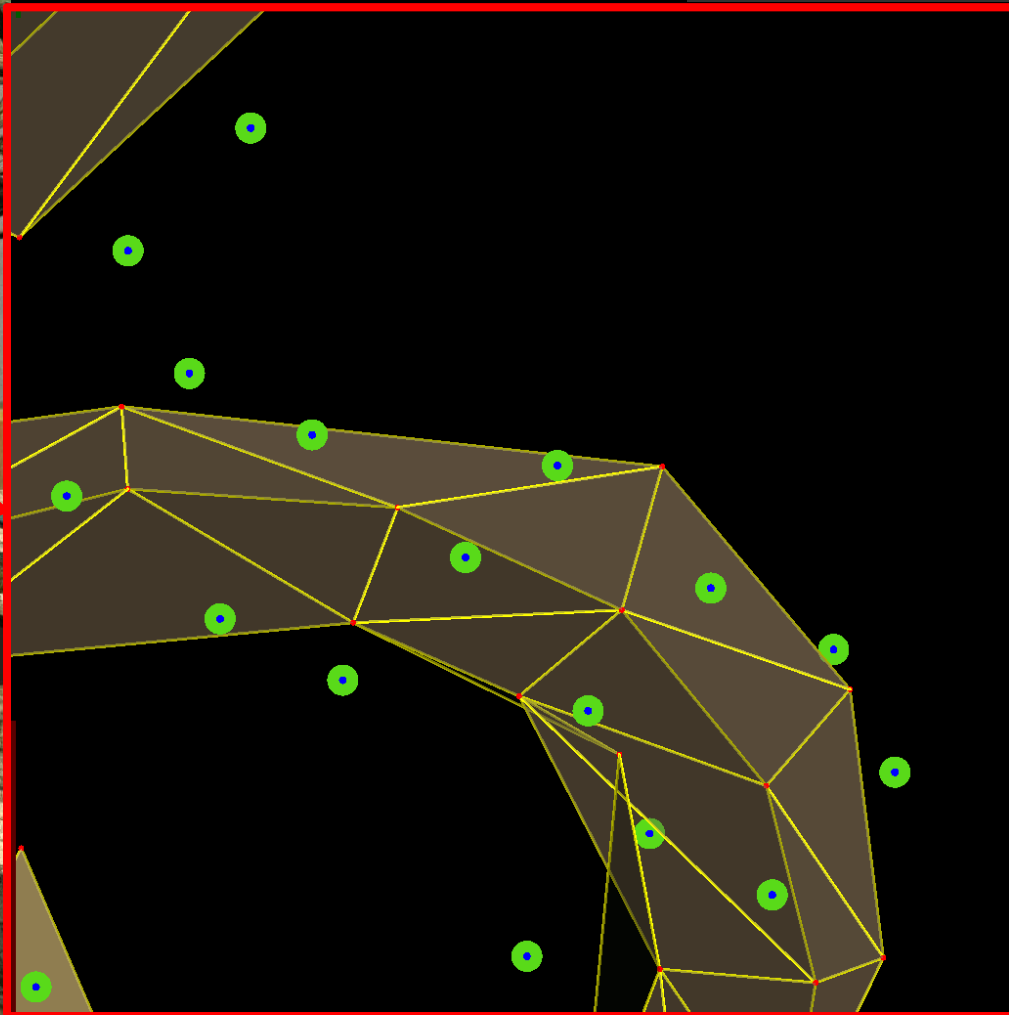
MSAA

Semi-Analytic





1 PIXEL



[1/4 Resolution]



MSAA



Semi-Analytic



1spp



TAA

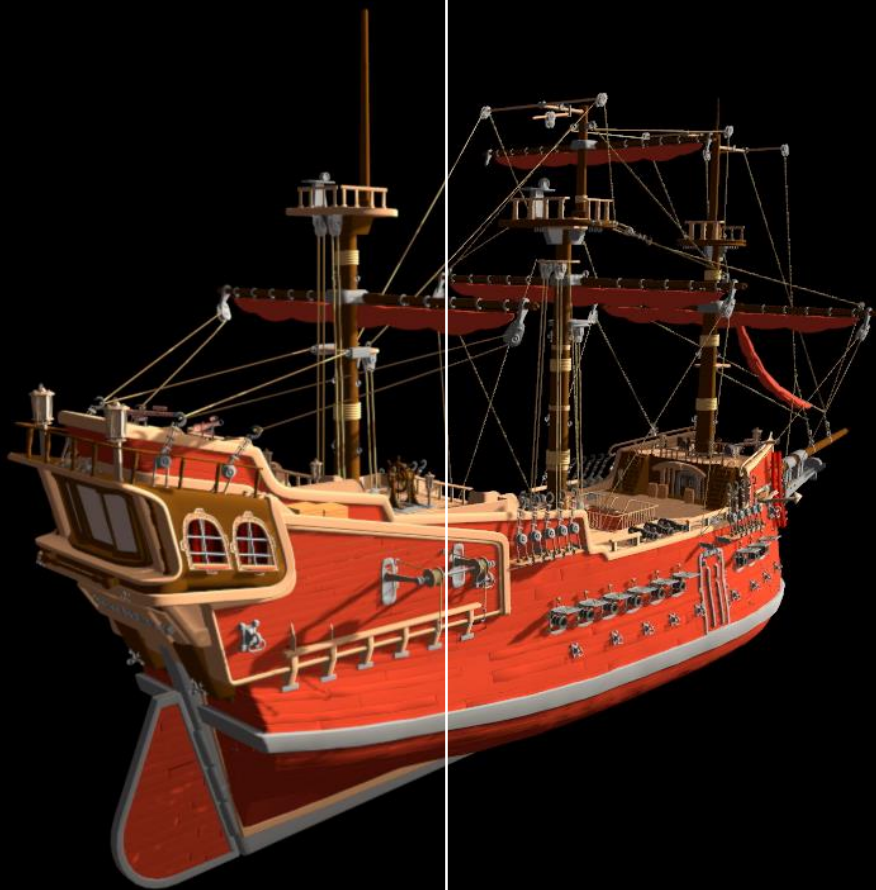


256x MSAA

Semi-Analytic



256x MSAA



8x MSAA



Semi-Analytic

Thank You !



Memory consumption

Without compression

- *Without color:*

Our approach: 36 Bytes/pixel

MSAA 8x: 24-32 Bytes/pixel

MSAA 32x: 96-128 Bytes/pixel

- *With fp16 color:*

Our approach: 42 Bytes/pixel

MSAA 8x: 72-80 Bytes/pixel

MSAA 32x: 288-320 Bytes/pixel

Aggregate / Fragment Visibility rep. (42 Bytes)

- **C** : Color (3x 2B)
- **α** : Coverage (4B)
- **M** : Localization Mask (4B)
- **S** : Depth Slab
Plane equation (4x 4B) + thickness (4B)
- **Z_{min}, Z_{max}** : Depth range (2x 4B)